Physical Activity, Sedentary Behaviors and the Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: The MultiEthnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA)

Running Title: Physical Activity, Sedentary Behavior and Incident Diabetes

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Supplementary Table S1. The Association between Activity measures and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in All Participants adjusted for reciprocal activity measures

| Activity Measures* | Hazard Ratio among All Participants |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Unadjusted | Model 1 $\dagger$ | Model $2 \ddagger$ |  |
| Moderate- <br> Vigorous PA§ | Quartile 1 | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Quartile 2 | $0.74(0.59,0.92)$ | $0.78(0.63,0.97)$ | $0.78(0.63,0.97)$ |
|  | Quartile 3 | $0.77(0.63,0.96)$ | $0.78(0.630 .97)$ | $0.79(0.64,0.98)$ |
|  | $0.88(0.71,1.08)$ | $0.84(0.68,1.04)$ | $0.86(0.69,1.06)$ |  |
|  | $0-2$ hours | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | $2.01-4$ hours | $1.19(0.98,1.45)$ | $1.21(1.00,1.48)$ | $1.21(1.00,1.47)$ |
|  | $4.01-6$ hours | $1.46(1.17,1.83)$ | $1.43(1.13,1.80)$ | $1.44(1.14,1.81)$ |
|  | $>6$ hours | $1.70(1.31,2.19)$ | $1.65(1.26,2.14)$ | $1.66(1.27,2.15)$ |

*Activity measures in MET-hours/week, unless noted.
$\dagger$ Model 1: adjusted for age, race, gender, education, current occupation status, study site, current smoking, systolic blood pressure and current hypertension medication usage
$\ddagger$ Model 2 Moderate-Vigorous PA analysis adjusted for Model $1+$ hours/day of leisure sedentary behavior
$\ddagger$ Model 2 Leisure Sedentary Behavior analysis adjusted for Model $1+$ MET-hours/week of moderate-vigorous PA
§ Moderate-Vigorous PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week):
Quartile 1 (0.00-34.25), Quartile 2 (34.26-68.75), Quartile 3 (68.76-125.5), Quartile 4 (125.51-1722.0)

Supplementary Table S2. Baseline Characteristics of Participants by Incident Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis 2000-2012

|  | All participants | No | Yes | p -value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic* | $\mathrm{n}=5,829$ | $\mathrm{n}=5,174$ | $\mathrm{n}=655$ |  |
| Age | $61.8(10.3)$ | $61.9(10.4)$ | $60.8(9.5)$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.0074$ |
| Female | $53.6 \%$ | $53.8 \%$ | $51.7 \%$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.298$ |
| Education $\geq$ Bachelor's Degree | $37.3 \%$ | $38.0 \%$ | $32.2 \%$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.097$ |
| Occupation, Full Time Employment | $40.0 \%$ | $40.0 \%$ | $39.8 \%$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.176$ |
| Current Smoking | $14.4 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ | $14.3 \%$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.93$ |
| Current Alcohol use | $58.1 \%$ | $58.6 \%$ | $54.3 \%$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.11$ |
| Exercise Physical Activity (PA) | $26.4(39.4)$ | $26.6(39.3)$ | $24.4(40.1)$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.18$ |
| Moderate-Vigorous PA | $97.2(99.3)$ | $97.0(97.1)$ | $98.5(114.6)$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.7176$ |
| Any Vigorous PA | $32.8 \%$ | $33.4 \%$ | $28.5 \%$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.012$ |
| Leisure Sedentary behavior (hours/day) | $3.4(2.2)$ | $3.3(2.2)$ | $3.7(2.3)$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.0004$ |
| TV watching (hours/day) | $2.1(1.5)$ | $2.0(1.5)$ | $2.3(1.6)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Activity Score† | $4.0(1.6)$ | $4.0(1.6)$ | $3.9(1.6)$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.0162$ |
| Walking Pace $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |
| Walking <2mph | $25.8 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $32.2 \%$ |  |
| Average Pace | $50.6 \%$ | $50.9 \%$ | $48.1 \%$ |  |
| Walking $\geq 4 m p h$ | $23.6 \%$ | $24.1 \%$ | $19.5 \%$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Body-mass Index (kilograms/meter $\left.{ }^{2}\right) \S$ | $28.0(5.3)$ | $27.6(5.1)$ | $31.0(5.8)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Waist circumference (cm) | $97.1(14.1)$ | $96.1(13.8)$ | $105.0(14.1)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Hypertension medication | $33.3 \%$ | $31.9 \%$ | $44.4 \%$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| SBP (mmHg) | $125.6(21.2)$ | $125.0(21.3)$ | $130.2(20.3)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| DBP (mmHg) | $71.9(10.3)$ | $71.6(10.2)$ | $74.0(10.7)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Glucose (mg/dl) | $89.6(10.5)$ | $88.1(9.2)$ | $101.1(12.9)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Impaired Fasting Glucose $(100-125 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dL})$ | $15.6 \%$ | $10.9 \%$ | $52.6 \%$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| HOMA-IR | $2.1(1.4)$ | $2.0(1.2)$ | $3.3(1.9)$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |
| Family History of Diabetes\\| | $34.4 \%$ | $32.5 \%$ | $48.6 \%$ | $\mathrm{P}<0.0001$ |

*Mean (SD) or percentages are listed and physical activity in MET-hours/week, unless noted.
$\dagger$ Activity score was created by coding quartiles of moderate to vigorous physical activity 1 (lowest quartile) to 4 (highest quartile) and reverse coding leisure sedentary behavior 3 (lowest quartile) to 0 (highest quartile).

## $\ddagger \mathrm{n}=5,823$ participants

$\S$ The body-mass index was calculated as the weight in kilograms divided by the square of the height in meters.
|| $=5,350$ participants

Supplementary Table S3. Association between Physical Activity (PA), Sedentary behaviors and Activity score and Incident Type 2
Diabetes Mellitus Stratified by Categories of Body-mass Index and American Heart Association (AHA) Dietary Status*

| Activity Measures |  | Hazard Ratio by WHO categories $\dagger$ ( $95 \% \mathrm{CI}$ ) |  |  | Hazard Ratio by AHA Ideal Diet Status ( $\ddagger$ ) (95\% CI) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | BMI < 25 | BMI $\geq 25$ \& $<30$ | $\mathrm{BMI} \geq 30$ | Poor | Intermediate/ Ideal |
|  |  | $\mathrm{N}=1,782$ | $\mathrm{n}=2,329$ | $\mathrm{n}=1,712$ | $\mathrm{n}=2,683$ | $\mathrm{n}=2,657$ |
| Walking Pace (miles/hour) | none or casual (<2mph) | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | average (2-3mph) | 0.72 (0.42, 1.25) | 0.85 (0.63, 1.15) | 0.83 (0.66, 1.05) | 0.73 (0.57, 0.95) | 0.81 (0.61, 1.08) |
|  | brisk or striding ( $>4 \mathrm{mph}$ ) | 0.66 (0.34, 1.26) | 0.92 (0.64, 1.32) | 0.71 (0.51, 1.01) | 0.58 (0.41, 0.83) | 0.76 (0.54, 1.07) |
|  | $P$ for trend§ | $\mathrm{p}=0.09$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.30$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.05$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.001$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.0134$ |
| Exercise PA (MET- <br> hours/week) | Quartile 1 | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Quartile 2 | 0.67 (0.36, 1.24) | 1.49 (1.04, 2.13) | 0.93 (0.70, 1.23) | 1.17 (0.87, 1.59) | 0.91 (0.66, 1.25) |
|  | Quartile 3 | 0.72 (0.39, 1.33) | 1.02 (0.69, 1.51) | 0.91 (0.68, 1.24) | 0.92 (0.66, 1.28) | 0.81 (0.59, 1.13) |
|  | Quartile 4 | 0.68 (0.37, 1.26) | 1.08 (0.73, 1.58) | 0.79 (0.57, 1.09) | 0.87 (0.62, 1.22) | 0.66 (0.47, 0.93) |
|  | $P$ for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.17$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.58$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.14$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.19$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.01$ |
| Moderate Vigorous PA (METhours/week) | Quartile 1 | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Quartile 2 | 0.83 (0.46, 1.48) | 0.63 (0.44, 0.90) | 1.08 (0.79, 1.48) | 0.70 (0.50, 0.99) | 0.78 (0.58, 1.07) |
|  | Quartile 3 | 0.69 (0.36, 1.33) | 0.81 (0.58, 1.14) | 0.80 (0.59, 1.10) | 0.77 (0.56, 1.07) | 0.70 (0.51, 0.97) |
|  | Quartile 4 | 0.96 (0.52, 1.78) | 0.70 (0.48, 1.00) | 0.99 (0.73, 1.33) | 0.95 (0.70, 1.29) | 0.64 (0.46, 0.91) |
|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.44$ | $p=0.06$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.74$ | $p=0.88$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.014$ |
| Vigorous PA | None | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Any | 1.02 (0.62, 1.67) | 0.67 (0.50, 0.90) | 0.87 (0.67, 1.13) | 0.84 (0.64, 1.08) | 0.71 (0.54, 0.94) |
| Leisure Sedentary Behavior (hours/day) | 0-2 hours | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | 2.01-4 hours | 0.63 (0.37, 1.08) | 1.52 (1.11, 2.10) | 1.08 (0.81, 1.43) | 1.09 (0.82, 1.46) | 1.28 (0.96, 1.70) |
|  | 4.01-6 hours | 0.83 (0.43, 1.61) | 1.43 (0.97, 2.12) | 1.43 (1.04, 1.98) | 1.33 (0.94, 1.87) | 1.55 (1.10, 2.17) |
|  | $>6$ hours | 1.45 (0.71, 2.96) | 1.88 (1.19, 2.95) | 1.31 (0.91, 1.88) | 1.47 (0.99, 2.17) | 1.50 (0.97, 2.30) |


|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.58$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.08$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.05$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TV Watching (hours/day) | 0-2 hours | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | 2.01-4 hours | 0.51 (0.27, 0.96) | 1.22 (0.92, 1.63) | 1.18 (0.93, 1.51) | 1.00 (0.76, 1.30) | 1.36 (1.05, 1.78) |
|  | 4.01-6 hours | 1.60 (0.75, 3.45) | 1.31 (0.84, 2.03) | 1.33 (0.93, 1.89) | 1.23 (0.84, 1.80) | 1.40 (0.92, 2.14) |
|  | $>6$ hours | N/AT | 4.98 (1.8, 13.7) | 1.74 (0.71, 4.24) | 2.98 (1.22, 7.31) | 2.67 (0.84, 8.45) |
|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.91$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.05$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.05$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.001$ |
| Activity Score § | Category 1 | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Category 2 | 0.25 (0.07, 0.82) | 1.10 (0.64, 1.90) | 0.76 (0.48, 1.22) | 0.59 (0.35, 0.99) | 0.87 (0.53, 1.41) |
|  | Category 3 | 0.56 (0.23, 1.33) | 0.85 (0.50, 1.45) | 0.72 (0.47, 1.10) | 0.66 (0.42, 1.05) | 0.75 (0.48, 1.19) |
|  | Category 4 | 0.72 (0.32, 1.62) | 0.73 (0.44, 1.22) | 0.77 (0.52, 1.14) | 0.75 (0.49, 1.14) | 0.64 (0.41, 1.00) |
|  | Category 5 | 0.70 (0.29, 1.64) | 0.81 (0.47, 1.40) | $0.84(0.55,1.28)$ | 0.74 (0.47, 1.17) | 0.70 (0.44, 1.12) |
|  | Category 6 | 0.55 (0.21, 1.43) | 0.60 (0.33, 1.09) | 0.51 (0.31, 0.83) | 0.54 (0.33, 0.88) | 0.41 (0.24, 0.71) |
|  | Category 7 | 0.60 (0.19, 1.87) | 0.59 (0.30, 1.17) | 0.61 (0.35, 1.07) | 0.69 (0.40, 1.20) | 0.43 (0.23, 0.83) |
|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.84$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.35$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.21$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ |

*Model 1 Adjusted: adjusted for age, race, gender, education, current occupation status, study site, current smoking, systolic blood pressure and current hypertension medication usage, (lower/upper bounds) of $95 \%$ confidence intervals.
$\dagger$ The body-mass index was calculated as the weight in kilograms divided by the square of the height in meters.
$\ddagger$ American Heart Association Diet for Ideal Cardiovascular Health
§ P for trend calculated using the Log-rank test.
|| Activity score was created by coding quartiles of moderate to vigorous physical activity 1 (lowest quartile) to 4 (highest quartile) and reverse coding leisure sedentary behavior 3 (lowest quartile) to 0 (highest quartile).
II N/A is used to denote a lack of participants in a specific category.
Exercise PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week) overall and stratified by WHO categories of BMI:
BMI Overall: Quartile 1 (0.00-3.13), Quartile 2 (3.14-14.00), Quartile 3 (14.01-35.00), Quartile 4 (35.01-557.00)
BMI < 25: Quartile 1 (0.00-4.38), Quartile 2 (4.39-16.63), Quartile 3 (16.64-37.44), Quartile 4 (37.45-621)
BMI $\geq 25$ \& < 30: Quartile 1 (0.00-3.50), Quartile 2 (3.51-15.75), Quartile 3 (15.76-36.75), Quartile 4 (36.76-557.00)
$B M I \geq 30$ : Quartile 1 ( $0.00-0.00$ ), Quartile 2 ( $0.00-10.50$ ), Quartile 3 (10.51-27.98), Quartile 4 (27.99-405)
Moderate-Vigorous PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week) overall and stratified by WHO categories of BMI:
BMI Overall: Quartile 1 (0.00-35.25), Quartile 2 (35.26-69.91), Quartile 3 (69.92-124.50), Quartile 4 (124.51-1722)
BMI < 25: Quartile 1 (0.00-33.75), Quartile 2 (33.76-63.69), Quartile 3 (63.70-117.94), Quartile 4 (117.95-795.00)
$\mathrm{BMI} \geq 25$ \& < 30: Quartile 1 (0.00-36.75), Quartile 2 (36.76-71.94), Quartile 3 (71.95-130.25), Quartile 4 (130.26-1722.00)
BMI $\geq 30$ : Quartile 1 (0.00-31.69), Quartile 2 (31.70-70.06), Quartile 3 (70.7-127.56), Quartile 4 (127.57-1125.00)
Exercise PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week) overall and stratified by AHA Diet Status:
AHA Diet Status Overall: Quartile 1 (0.00-2.75), Quartile 2 (2.76-14.00), Quartile 3 (14.01-34.88), Quartile 4 (34.89-621)
AHA Diet Status Poor: Quartile 1 (0.00-0.00), Quartile 2 ( $0.00-12.25$ ), Quartile 3 (12.26-31.38), Quartile 4 (31.39-557)

AHA Diet Status Intermediate/Ideal: Quartile 1 (0.00-5.25), Quartile 2 (5.26-17.50), Quartile 3 (17.51-37.25), Quartile 4 (37.26-621.00)
Moderate-Vigorous PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week) overall and stratified by AHA Diet Status
AHA Diet Status Overall: Quartile 1 (0.00-34.25), Quartile 2 (34.26-68.38), Quartile 3 (68.39-124.25), Quartile 4 (124.26-1722.00)
AHA Diet Status Poor: Quartile 1 (0.00-35.00), Quartile 2 (35.01-72.50), Quartile 3 (72.51-135.00), Quartile 4 (135.01-1722.00)
AHA Diet Status Intermediate/Ideal: Quartile 1 (0.00-33.50), Quartile 2 (33.51-64.00), Quartile 3 (64.01-116.25), Quartile 4 (116.26-942.50)

Supplementary Table S4: Likelihood Ratio Test for Interaction among Age, Gender, Race/Ethnicity, BMI, Family History of Diabetes and American Heart Association (AHA) Dietary Intake

| Likelihood Ratio Test for Interaction Term |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P for interaction | Age | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | BMI | Family History of <br> Diabetes | AHA Dietary Intake |
| Total leisure sedentary <br> activity | 0.0544 | 0.4893 | 0.0304 | 0.1291 | 0.0999 | 0.8476 |
| Television viewing time | 0.9366 | 0.6432 | 0.5828 | 0.0201 | 0.0498 | 0.3082 |
| MVPA | 0.9651 | 0.7400 | 0.8986 | 0.3944 | 0.5785 | 0.2048 |
| Exercise PA | 0.8490 | 0.1492 | 0.2286 | 0.9210 | 0.3915 | 0.2279 |
| Any Vigorous PA | 0.3037 | 0.2183 | 0.3623 | 0.0525 | 0.9022 | 0.6860 |
| Activity Score | 0.3728 | 0.9525 | 0.2428 | 0.2740 | 0.3694 | 0.1428 |

Supplementary Table S5: Diabetes Mellitus Rates per 1000 Person-years for Activity Score* by Race/Ethnicity

| Race/Ethnicity | non-Hispanic white <br> $\mathrm{n}=2,425$ | Chinese American <br> $\mathrm{n}=691$ | African American <br> $\mathrm{n}=1,503$ | Hispanic American <br> $\mathrm{n}=1,210$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Activity Score 1 | $17.4(11.9,25.6) \dagger$ | $18.9(9.9,36.4)$ | $14.3(9.0,22.8)$ | $17.5(9.4,32.6)$ |
| Activity Score 2 | $7.3(4.7,11.3)$ | $11.6(6.3,21.6)$ | $14.1(9.4,21.0)$ | $21.8(14.4,33.2)$ |
| Activity Score 3 | $9.2(6.8,12.4)$ | $9.1(5.3,15.6)$ | $12.8(9.0,18.2)$ | $17.1(11.9,24.6)$ |
| Activity Score 4 | $7.0(5.2,9.4)$ | $10.1(6.5,15.9)$ | $16.6(13.0,21.2)$ | $16.2(12.0,21.7)$ |
| Activity Score 5 | $8.3(6.1,11.4)$ | $16.8(10.6,26.6)$ | $15.0(10.6,21.3)$ | $14.7(10.3,20.8)$ |
| Activity Score 6 | $5.7(3.6,9.0)$ | $8.3(3.9,17.3)$ | $10.4(6.6,16.3)$ | $11.3(7.5,17.0)$ |
| Activity Score 7 | $5.8(3.1,10.8)$ | $9.6(3.1,29.7)$ | $11.5(6.4,20.9)$ | $12.6(7.8,20.2)$ |

* Activity score was created by coding quartiles of moderate to vigorous physical activity 1 (lowest quartile) to 4 (highest quartile) and reverse coding leisure sedentary behavior 3 (lowest quartile) to 0 (highest quartile).
$\dagger$ Estimated rates per 1000 person-years and (lower/upper bounds) of $95 \%$ confidence intervals

Supplementary Table S6. Association between Physical Activity (PA), Sedentary Behavior and Activity Score and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Stratified by Family History of Diabetes.*

| Physical Activity (PA) $\dagger$ |  | Family History of Diabetes (Model 1) $\mathrm{n}=5,289 \ddagger$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Yes | No |
|  |  | $\mathrm{n}=1,840$ | $\mathrm{n}=3,449$ |
| Walking Pace (miles/hour) | none or casual (<2 mph) | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { average } \\ (2-4 \mathrm{mph}) \end{gathered}$ | 0.81 (0.63, 1.05) | 0.73 (0.56, 0.94) |
|  | brisk or striding (>4mph) | 0.73 (0.52, 1.01) | 0.64 (0.46, 0.88) |
|  | P for trend§ | $\mathrm{p}<0.05$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.0001$ |
| Exercise PA | Quartile 1 (0.00-3.13) | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Quartile 2 (3.14-14.00) | 1.07 (0.79, 1.46) | 0.86 (0.64, 1.15) |
|  | Quartile 3 (14.01-35.00) | 1.11 (0.81, 1.51) | 0.63 (0.45, 0.86) |
|  | Quartile 4 (35.01-557.00) | 0.74 (0.52, 1.06) | 0.73 (0.53, 0.99) |
|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.06$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ |
| Moderate Vigorous PA | Quartile 1 (0.00-35.25) | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Quartile 2 (35.26-69.91) | 1.12 (0.81, 1.54) | 0.58 (0.42, 0.80) |
|  | Quartile 3 (69.92-124.50) | 1.01 (0.72, 1.40) | 0.65 (0.48, 0.88) |
|  | Quartile 4 (124.51-1722) | 1.02 (0.74, 1.41) | 0.74 (0.55, 1.00) |
|  | $P$ for trend | $\mathrm{p}=1.00$ | $\mathrm{p}=0.06$ |
| Vigorous PA | None | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Any | 0.78 (0.60, 1.01) | 0.77 (0.59, 1.00) |
| Leisure Sedentary behavior (hours/day) | 0-2 hours | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | 2.01-4 hours | 1.54 (1.15, 2.07) | 0.93 (0.71, 1.23) |
|  | 4.01-6 hours | 1.43 (1.00, 2.04) | 1.32 (0.96, 1.82) |
|  | $>6$ hours | 1.96 (1.34, 2.87) | 1.34 (0.91, 1.97) |
|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ |
| TV Watching (hours/day) | 0-2 hours | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | 2.01-4 hours | 1.30 (1.01, 1.67) | 0.99 (0.76, 1.28) |
|  | 4.01-6 hours | 1.65 (1.16, 2.37) | 1.30 (0.88, 1.92) |
|  | >6 hours | 1.72 (0.42, 6.99) | 3.55 (1.66, 7.60) |
|  | P for trend* | $\mathrm{p}<0.001$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.001$ |
| Activity Score\|| | Category 1 | Ref. | Ref. |
|  | Category 2 | 1.07 (0.64, 1.81) | 0.61 (0.38, 0.96) |
|  | Category 3 | 1.13 (0.70, 1.83) | 0.57 (0.37, 0.87) |
|  | Category 4 | 1.13 (0.72, 1.78) | 0.57 (0.38, 0.85) |
|  | Category 5 | 1.07 (0.66, 1.72) | 0.56 (0.36, 0.87) |
|  | Category 6 | 0.58 (0.33, 1.02) | 0.51 (0.32, 0.81) |
|  | Category 7 | 0.78 (0.42, 1.45) | 0.47 (0.27, 0.83) |
|  | P for trend | $\mathrm{p}=0.09$ | $\mathrm{p}<0.01$ |

Supplementary Table S6. Association between Physical Activity (PA), Sedentary Behavior and Activity Score and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Stratified by Family History of Diabetes.
*Model 1 Adjusted: adjusted for age, race, gender, education, current occupation status, study site, current smoking, systolic blood pressure and current hypertension medication usage, (lower/upper bounds) of $95 \%$ confidence intervals.
$\dagger$ Physical activity data in MET-hours/week, unless noted.
$\ddagger 61$ participants excluded from analysis due to unknown family history of diabetes.
§P for trend calculated using the Log-rank test.
|| Activity score was created by coding quartiles of moderate to vigorous physical activity 1 (lowest quartile) to 4 (highest quartile) and reverse coding leisure sedentary behavior 3 (lowest quartile) to 0 (highest quartile).

Exercise PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week) overall and stratified by family history of diabetes:
Overall: Quartile 1 (0.00-3.13), Quartile 2 (3.14-14.00), Quartile 3 (14.01-35.00), Quartile 4 (35.01-557.00)

Family History of Diabetes: Quartile 1 (0.00-2.50), Quartile 2 (2.51-14.00), Quartile 3 (14.0132.38), Quartile 4 (32.39-557.00)

No Family History of Diabetes: Quartile 1 (0.00-3.50), Quartile 2 (3.51-14.00), Quartile 3 (14.0135.25), Quartile 4 (35.26-513.63)

Moderate-Vigorous PA quartile ranges (MET-hours/week) overall and stratified by family history of diabetes:
Overall: Quartile 1 (0.00-35.25), Quartile 2 (35.26-69.91), Quartile 3 (69.92-124.50), Quartile 4 (124.51-1722)

Family History of Diabetes: Quartile 1 (0-36.00), Quartile 2 (36.01-72.00), Quartile 3 (72.01130.38), Quartile 4 (130.39-1722.00)

No Family History of Diabetes: Quartile 1 (0.00-35.00), Quartile 2 (35.01-68.88), Quartile 3 (68.89-121.50), Quartile 4 (121.51-942.50)

Supplementary Figure S1. Moderate-Vigorous Physical Activity (PA) (MET-hours/week) versus Total Leisure Sedentary Behavior (hours/day) and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus from 2000-2012. Data are included for 5,829 participants followed for a median of 11.1 years. Using Cox proportional hazards modeling, we calculated the hazard ratios using the highest moderate-vigorous PA, lowest sedentary behavior category as the referent group. The model included the moderate-vigorous PA-sedentary behavior category, study site, age, race, sex, education, current occupation status, systolic blood pressure, antihypertensive medication use, and smoking. ${ }^{*} p<0.05,{ }^{* *} p<0.01$ and ${ }^{* * *} p<0.001$ versus the referent category.



Highest Moderate-Vigorous PA Quartile
Lowest Moderate-Vigorous PA Quartile

Supplementary Figure S2. The Association between (A) Physical Activity (PA) and (B) Sedentary Behaviors and Incident Type 2 Diabetes (2000-2012. Data are included for 5,829 participants followed for a median of 11.1 years. Using Cox proportional hazards modeling, we calculated the hazard ratios associated within categories of activity. Sequential modeling was conducted with Model 1 including the activity variable of interest, study site, age, race, sex, education, current occupation status, systolic blood pressure, antihypertensive medication use, and smoking. Model 2 included model 1 variables plus BMI. Activity score was created by coding quartiles of moderate to vigorous physical activity 1 (lowest quartile) to 4 (highest quartile) and reverse coding leisure sedentary behavior 3 (lowest quartile) to 0 (highest quartile). ${ }^{*} p<0.05$, ${ }^{* *} p<0.01$ and ${ }^{* * *} p<0.001$ versus the referent category in each domain of physical activity, sedentary behavior and activity score.



Supplementary Figure S3. Activity Score and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus by race/ethnicity from 2000-2012. Data are included for 5,829 participants followed for a median of 11.1 years. Using Cox proportional hazards modeling, we calculated the hazard ratios associated with increasing PA score using a PA score of 1 (low moderate-vigorous PA, high total leisure sedentary behavior) as the referent category in each race/ethnicity. The model included the PA score, study site, age, sex, education, current occupation status, systolic blood pressure, antihypertensive medication use, and smoking. ${ }^{*} p<0.05,{ }^{* *} p<0.01$ and ${ }^{* * *} p<0.001$ versus the referent category. P for trend was calculated using the log-rank test. § Activity score was created by coding quartiles of moderate to vigorous physical activity 1 (lowest quartile) to 4 (highest quartile) and reverse coding leisure sedentary behavior 3 (lowest quartile) to 0 (highest quartile). Incident Rates for Activity score provided in Supplementary Table S5.


Activity Score by Race/Ethnicity

