

S1. Additional outcomes voted for inclusion by consensus panel		
Outcome	% of votes "in"*	Rationale
Indeterminate outcomes from the Delphi survey		
Dyslipidemia	71.4	Risk factor for cardiovascular disease and prevalent in type 2 diabetics
Gestational hypertension	78.6	Risk factor for post-pregnancy cardiovascular disease
Length of breastfeeding	100	Increases insulin sensitivity and improves glucose metabolism in the mother
Breastfeeding exclusivity	71.4	Increases insulin sensitivity and improves glucose metabolism in the mother
Infant birth weight and length for gestational age	71.4	Women with GDM are more likely to have macrosomic babies
Diabetes in the offspring	71.4	May indicate elevated risk of diabetes and CV disease in mother
Health status for cost evaluation	78.6	Cost evaluation will be important to implementation
Study participation	71.4	May help assess presence of barriers/enablers to completion of an intervention program
Suggestions from consensus panel discussion		
Maternal hypertensive disease	78.6	Includes diseases beyond gestational hypertension
Infant hospitalization in neonatal care unit	85.7	May indicate elevated risk of diabetes and CV disease in mother
Sugary beverage intake	78.6	Health behaviour associated with diabetes and CV disease
*Number of voting members differed for outcomes of each origin: n=15 for indeterminate outcomes, n=14 for consensus panel suggestions		