

Supplemental Table 2. Association between cognitive function and diabetes type among those with no prior history of DKA or severe hypoglycemia

	Global cognition β (95% CI)	Language β (95% CI)	Executive function β (95% CI)	Verbal episodic memory β (95% CI)	Visual episodic memory β (95% CI)	Simple attention β (95% CI)
No diabetes	Ref	Ref	Ref	Ref	Ref	Ref
T1D	-0.04 (-0.12, 0.05)	-0.14 (-0.26, -0.03)	-0.14 (-0.26, -0.03)	-0.05 (-0.20, 0.11)	0.19 (0.05, 0.32)	-0.03 (-0.18, 0.13)
T2D	-0.06 (-0.15, 0.03)	-0.06 (-0.18, 0.06)	-0.07 (-0.19, 0.06)	0.09 (-0.07, 0.25)	-0.18 (-0.32, -0.04)	-0.05 (-0.21, 0.10)

*Supplemental Table 2 Footnotes – Sample for this sensitivity analysis includes individuals with no prior history of DKA or severe hypoglycemia and is as follows for the three diabetes groups: no diabetes, n=247; T1D, n=371; T2D, n=219. Models are adjusted for race, age, sex, education, depression, sleep quality, BMI, stroke, MI, nephropathy, retinopathy, and neuropathy.